

TABLE I. Weekly cases of selected* infrequently reported notifiable diseases (<1,000 cases reported during the preceding year), excluding U.S. territories -- United States, week ending September 23, 2017 (WEEK 38) †
(Accessible Version: <https://wonder.cdc.gov/nndss/static/2017/38/2017-38-table1.html>)

Disease				Total cases reported for previous years					States reporting cases during current week (Count)
	Current week	Cum 2017	5-year weekly averages§	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	
Psittacosis **	-	4	0	12	4	8	6	2	
Q fever total **:†	-	114	3	164	156	168	170	135	
acute	-	92	2	132	122	132	137	113	
chronic	-	22	1	32	34	36	33	22	
Rabies, human	-	-	0	-	2	1	2	1	
SARS-CoV	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Smallpox	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Streptococcal toxic shock syndrome **	-	236	3	283	335	259	224	194	
Syphilis, congenital ¶¶¶¶	-	362	10	631	493	458	348	322	
Toxic shock syndrome (other than streptococcal) **	-	16	1	40	64	59	71	65	
Trichinellosis **	-	10	0	26	14	14	22	18	
Tularemia	9	151	5	230	314	180	203	149	PA (1), AR (1), OK (6), CO (1)
Typhoid fever (caused by <i>Salmonella typhi</i>)	1	223	8	376	367	349	338	354	NYC (1)
Vancomycin-intermediate <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> **	1	59	4	108	183	212	248	134	AZ (1)
Vancomycin-resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> **	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	2	
Viral hemorrhagic Fevers ***:†									
Crimean-Congo hemorrhagic fever	-	-	-	-	-	NP	NP	NP	
Ebola hemorrhagic fever	-	-	-	-	-	4	NP	NP	
Guanarito hemorrhagic fever	-	-	-	-	-	NP	NP	NP	
Junin hemorrhagic fever	-	-	-	-	-	NP	NP	NP	
Lassa fever	-	-	-	-	1	1	NP	NP	
Lujo virus	-	-	-	-	-	NP	NP	NP	
Machupo hemorrhagic fever	-	-	-	-	-	NP	NP	NP	
Marburg fever	-	-	-	-	-	NP	NP	NP	
Sabia-associated hemorrhagic fever	-	-	-	-	-	NP	NP	NP	
Yellow fever	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Zika virus disease, non-congenital ††††	2	324	32	5,113	NN	NN	NN	NN	FL (1), TX (1)

-: No reported cases N: Not reportable. NA: Not Available NN: Not Nationally Notifiable. NP: Nationally notifiable but not published. Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts.

* Case counts for reporting years 2016 and 2017 are provisional and subject to change. Data for years 2012 through 2015 are finalized. For further information on interpretation of these data, see <http://www.cdc.gov/nndss/document/ProvisionalNationalNotifiableDiseasesSurveillanceData20100927.pdf>.

† This table does not include cases from the U.S. territories. Three low incidence conditions, rubella, rubella congenital, and tetanus, are in Table II to facilitate case count verification with reporting jurisdictions.

§ Calculated by summing the incidence counts for the current week, the 2 weeks preceding the current week, and the 2 weeks following the current week, for a total of 5 preceding years. Additional information is available at <https://www.cdc.gov/nndss/document/5yearweeklyaverage.pdf>.

¶ Updated weekly reports from the Division of Vector-Borne Diseases, National Center for Emerging and Zoonotic Infectious Diseases (ArboNET Surveillance). Data for West Nile virus are available in Table II.

** Not reportable in all reporting jurisdictions. Data from states where the condition is not reportable are excluded from this table, except for the arboviral diseases and influenza-associated pediatric mortality. Reporting exceptions are available at <https://www.cdc.gov/nndss/downloads.html>.

†† Data for *Haemophilus influenzae* (all ages, all serotypes) are available in Table II.

§§ In 2016, the nationally notifiable condition 'Hepatitis B Perinatal Infection' was renamed to 'Perinatal Hepatitis B Virus Infection' and reflects updates in the 2016 CSTE position statement for Perinatal Hepatitis B Virus Infection.

¶¶ Updated weekly from the Influenza Division, National Center for Immunization and Respiratory Diseases. Since October 2, 2016, 106 influenza-associated pediatric deaths occurring during the 2016-17 season have been reported.

*** No measles cases were reported for the current week.

††† Data for meningococcal disease (all serogroups) are available in Table II.

§§§ Novel influenza A virus infections are human infections with influenza A viruses that are different from currently circulating human seasonal influenza viruses. With the exception of one avian lineage influenza A (H7N2) virus, all novel influenza A virus infections reported to CDC since 2012 have been variant influenza viruses. Total case counts are provided by the Influenza Division, National Center for Immunization and Respiratory Diseases (NCIRD).

†††† Updated weekly from reports to the Division of STD Prevention, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention.

**** Prior to 2015, CDC's National Notifiable Diseases Surveillance System (NNDSS) did not receive electronic data about incident cases of specific viral hemorrhagic fevers; instead data were collected in aggregate as "viral hemorrhagic fevers". Beginning in 2015, NNDSS has been updated to receive data for each of the viral hemorrhagic fevers listed below. In addition to the four cases of Ebola diagnosed in the United States to date in 2014, six residents of the United States have been medically evacuated to the United States for care after developing Ebola in West Africa. Ten of the 11 VHF cases reported for 2014 are confirmed as Ebola and one as Lassa fever.

†††† The Council of State and Territorial Epidemiologists approved position statement 16-ID-01 in June 2016, which modifies the previous case definition and naming convention from "Zika virus congenital infection" to "Zika virus disease, non-congenital".

Notes:

- These are **weekly** cases of selected infectious national notifiable diseases, from the National Notifiable Diseases Surveillance System (NNDSS). NNDSS data reported by the 50 states, New York City, the District of Columbia, and the U.S. territories are collated and published weekly as numbered tables. Cases reported by state health departments to CDC for weekly publication are subject to ongoing revision of information and delayed reporting. Therefore, numbers listed in later weeks may reflect changes made to these counts as additional information becomes available. Case counts in the tables are presented *as published* each week. See also [Guide to Interpreting Provisional and Finalized NNDSS Data](#).
- Weekly tables since 1996 are available on [CDC WONDER](#).
- Weekly tables since 2014 are available on [Data.CDC.gov](#).
- Weekly tables for 1952-2017 published in the MMWR are available at [CDC Stacks MMWR](#), and weekly tables starting in 2018 are available at [CDC Stacks NNDSS](#) (once in CDC Stacks NNDSS select "Weekly Tables" in the "Genre" box at the left).
- Notices, errata, and other notes are available in the [Notice To Data Users](#) page.

Suggested Citation:

- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. National Notifiable Diseases Surveillance System, Weekly Tables of Infectious Disease Data. Atlanta, GA. CDC Division of Health Informatics and Surveillance. Available at: <https://www.cdc.gov/nndss/infectious-tables.html>.

National Notifiable Diseases Surveillance System

Provided by [CDC WONDER](#)